Records of the Kurds Territory, Revolt and Nationalism, 1831-1979
British Documentary Sources

A documentary history of the Kurdish peoples’ struggle for a recognised homeland, from disparate revolt to the rise of nationalism.

A. L. P. Burdett

www.cambridge.org/kurds
THE AIM OF THE WORK

These nine thousand pages of facsimile documents gather together a wealth of government records on the recent history of the Kurdish people, tracing early insurgencies, inter-relations with neighbouring tribes and other ethnic groups, while examining the territories pertaining to the Kurdish homeland. The object of this work is to supply contemporary documents which place events in their geopolitical context. All relevant documents which could be sourced from the records of the Government of India at the British Library, Foreign Office, War Office, India Office, Colonial Office and Cabinet at the National Archives relating to the themes of territory and the struggle for it, for the period have been traced and included.

The electronic maps included as part of this set also provide illustrations of the changes to Kurdish populated territory, as well as those sections subject to alterations and contestation over the course of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

- A thirteen-volume set of e-books and maps available online, totalling nine thousand pages and more than twenty maps
- Documents are arranged under the title into themes according to content and chronology with document level descriptions
- An unrivalled collection of original documents, presented in facsimile, with searchable descriptions across all volumes
- A selected, focused and well-ordered collection, gathered from diverse British Government file classes, the result of several years of research

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Historical Background

The collection’s recurrent theme is the pursuit of a Kurdish homeland and the related struggle for independence, offering the historical context for how the Kurds have found themselves the largest stateless nation in the world. The scattered nature of the Kurdish population, resident in varying numbers across Iran, Syria, Iraq and Turkey, and the relative differences in the proportion of Kurds to indigenous populations has meant that there has not been a single unified drive for a self-governing state, with movements tending towards more factional interests. Recent history demonstrates the longevity of the problems for the Kurdish populations in the absence of an official Kurdish state; the collection provides a contextual viewpoint for this perennial question as it charts the progress of the Kurds from the Revolts of Bedr Khan at Van through to the expulsion of 400,000 Kurds by the Iraqi Government from 1970-76, and as far 1979 with the repressions of the new regime in Iran. As well as providing the wider context of the Kurdish peoples, the collection refers to many of the individuals most significant to the cause of Kurdish nationalism, including Sherif Pasha, Seyid Abdulqadir and Seyid Taha, the Bedirxanis, Simko Agha, the Kurds of Dersim, Sheikh Mahmud Berzenči and Sheikh Ėhmed Barzanî.

“...The wealth of historical documentation presented in these volumes will no doubt lead to new insights and greater understanding of the evolution of the Kurds and Kurdistan. Perhaps not so coincidentally, while referring to the cross border movement of tribes, one of the first documents included herein refers to the “Kurdish Question,” while one of the last, dated March 1979, is entitled “The Kurdish Problem.” In the hundred and fifty years covered by the Records, the Kurds went from being a question needing an answer to a problem urgently demanding a solution. Thus, considering the fact that the ‘Kurdish question’ has yet to find a solution, it seems that reassessing the longue durée development of the issue should constitute one of the most important tasks for scholars and academics with an interest in the region. In this regard, the documents to be found within these volumes will be of great importance.”

Dr Sabri Ates, and Djene R. Bajalan from the Foreword.
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