

A newsletter from East View highlighting census data from around the world

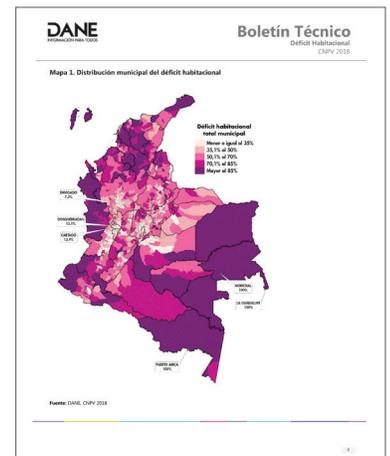
COUNTING THE UNCOUNTED: HOW CENSUSES CAPTURE HOMELESSNESS AROUND THE WORLD

Homelessness is one of the most visible manifestations of social and economic inequality. Recent estimates from UN-Habitat suggest that over 300 million people globally experience homelessness, while billions more live in inadequate housing conditions. Yet measuring homelessness remains one of the most difficult tasks for national statistical systems. Around the world, population and housing censuses play a key role in identifying people who lack stable housing and ensuring they are included in official statistics.

Census enumeration typically relies on household addresses and people without permanent housing can easily be uncaptured. To address this challenge, national statistical offices often conduct special enumeration operations. These may involve counting individuals at shelters, food distribution sites, and other service locations, as well as identifying outdoor locations where people sleep. The United States Census Bureau uses a service-based enumeration approach in which census workers visit shelters, soup kitchens, and mobile food van stops to count people experiencing homelessness.

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Similar strategies are used around the world. In its 2022 census, Argentina conducted targeted enumeration to count individuals sleeping in public spaces. People staying in shelters or temporary facilities were also recorded under the category of collective dwellings. Colombia has implemented specialized "street population" enumerations to identify individuals living in public spaces or temporary shelters. India counts people experiencing homelessness under the category of "houseless population." The 2011 census recorded about 1.77 million houseless individuals, defined as people sleeping in open or public places rather than in structures with a roof. Similarly, the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics includes homeless populations in its national census through special enumeration operations. During the 2017 census, officials allocated specific days to count homeless and mobile populations, reporting 38,415 homeless individuals nationwide.



Colombia, 2018. Housing Deficit Bulletin, p. 4. <https://gca.eastview.com/CENSUS-239399480.1.5>



Argentina, 2022. Census Results. Collective Housing, Homeless Population, p.9. <https://gca.eastview.com/CENSUS-264378480.1.9>

